

Application No. 09/696,071

RD-28030

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (currently amended) A method, comprising:

(A) defining a first experimental space comprising factors of at least two mixtures with at least one common factor;

(B) defining a second experimental space by deleting duplicate factor combinations from said first experimental space wherein said second experimental space is a ternary space comprising a number of experiments defined by determining a number of experiments for a succeeding experimental space by the relationship

$$V + \prod_{i=1}^3 n_i \times I_3 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{1}{n_i} \prod_{i=1}^3 n_i \right] \times I_2$$

for a ternary system ($T=3$) or an algorithm for a succeeding T -nary system, determined from a previous term by: (a) adding an additional term which contains an additional summation, incremented over a next index from a starting point one unit higher than the first summation; (b) decrementing the subscript on I ; and (c) adding a value of n , indexed by the next index, to the inverse term;

(C) deleting duplicate factor combinations from the first determined experimental space to define a succeeding experimental space with a number of experiments determined in (B); and

(C) (D) conducting a combinatorial high throughput screening (CHTS) experiment on said second succeeding experimental space, comprising an iteration of steps of simultaneously reacting a multiplicity of tagged reactants and identifying a multiplicity of tagged products of the reaction and evaluating said identified products

Application No. 09/696,071

RD-28030

after completion of a single or repeated iteration-space to select a best case set of factors from said second experimental space.

2. (canceled)

3. (canceled)

4. (canceled)

5. (canceled)

6. (canceled)

7. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said second succeeding experimental space factors comprise reactants, catalysts and conditions and said (C) (D) comprises (a) reacting a reactant selected from the second succeeding experimental space under a set of catalysts or reaction conditions selected from the second succeeding experimental space and (b) evaluating a set of products of the reacting step and further comprising (D) (E) reiterating step (C) (D) wherein a next second succeeding experimental space selected for a step (a) is chosen as a result of an evaluating step (b) of a preceding iteration of step (C) (D).

8. (currently amended) The method of claim 7, comprising reiterating (C) (D) until a best set of factors of said second experimental space is selected.

9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said first experimental space includes a catalyst system comprising combinations of Group IVB, Group VIB and Lanthanide Group metal complexes.

10. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said second succeeding experimental space includes a catalyst system comprising a Group VIII B metal.

11. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said second succeeding experimental space includes a catalyst system comprising palladium.

Application No. 09/696,071

RD-28030

12. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said second succeeding space includes a catalyst system comprising a halide composition.

13. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said second succeeding experimental space includes an inorganic co-catalyst.

14. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said second succeeding experimental space includes a catalyst system that includes a combination of inorganic co-catalysts.

15. (canceled)

16. (canceled)

17. (canceled)

18. (currently amended) A system for selecting a best case set of experiments of a experimental reaction, comprising;

a processor that (A) defines a first experimental space comprising factors of at least two mixtures with at least one common factor; and (B) defines a second experimental space by deleting duplicate factor combinations from said first experimental space and wherein said second experimental space is a ternary space comprising a number of experiments defined by determines a number of experiments for a succeeding experimental space by the relationship

$$V + \prod_{i=1}^3 n_i \times I_3 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{1}{n_i} \prod_{i=1}^3 n_i \right] \times I_2$$

for a ternary system ($T = 3$) or an algorithm for a succeeding T -nary system, determined from a previous term by: (a) adding an additional term which contains an additional summation, incremented over a next index from a starting point one unit higher than the first summation; (b) decrementing the subscript on I ; and (c) adding a value of n , indexed by the next index, to the inverse term; and (C) deletes duplicate factor combinations from the first determined experimental space to define a succeeding experimental space with a

Application No. 09/696,071

RD-28030

number of experiments determined in (B); and

a reactor and evaluator to select a best case set of factors from said succeeding experimental space by a combinatorial high throughput screening (CHTS) method to select a best case set of factors from said experimental space.

19. (original) The system of claim 18, wherein said processor comprises

a display terminal having screen displays whereby a researcher can input values for factors on said screen;

a database for storing said factors;

a computer for generating a set of test cases for a set of said factors based on a researcher specified value for identifying a number of interacting relationships within said factors;

a computer combining said test cases for set of factors with said relationships and providing a merged table of test cases; and

an output for writing to a database said merged table of test cases.

20. (canceled)

21. (currently amended) The system of claim 18, wherein said second succeeding experimental space is a quaternary space comprising a number of experiments defined by

$$V + \prod_{i=1}^4 n_i \times I_4 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^4 \frac{1}{n_i} \prod_{l=1}^4 n_l \right] \times I_3 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^4 \sum_{j=i+1}^4 \frac{1}{n_i n_j} \prod_{l=1}^4 n_l \right] \times I_2$$

22. (original) The system of claim 18, wherein said second succeeding experimental space is a pentanary space comprising a number of experiments defined by

$$V + \prod_{i=1}^5 n_i \times I_5 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{1}{n_i} \prod_{l=1}^5 n_l \right] \times I_4 +$$

Application No. 09/696,071

RD-28030

$$\left[\sum_{i=1}^5 \sum_{j=i+1}^5 \frac{1}{n_i n_j} \prod_{l=1}^5 n_l \right] \times I_3 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^5 \sum_{j=i+1}^5 \sum_{k=j+1}^5 \frac{1}{n_i n_j n_k} \prod_{l=1}^5 n_l \right] \times I_2.$$

23. (original) An experimental space, comprising a number of mixture combinations defined by an algorithm, which expresses the sum of terms:

$$V + \prod_{i=1}^T n_i \times I_T + \left(\sum_{i=1}^T \frac{1}{n_i} \right) \times \left(\prod_{i=1}^T n_i \right) \times [I_{(T-1)}]$$

for a ternary system ($T = 3$) or an algorithm for a succeeding T -nary system, determined from a previous term by: (a) adding an additional term which contains an additional summation, incremented over a next index from a starting point one unit higher than the first summation; (b) decrementing the subscript on I ; and (c) adding a value of n , indexed by the next index, to the inverse term.

24. (original) The experimental space of claim 23, comprising a number of mixture combinations defined by an algorithm, which expresses the sum of terms:

$$V + \prod_{i=1}^4 n_i \times I_4 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^4 \frac{1}{n_i} \prod_{i=1}^4 n_i \right] \times I_3 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^4 \sum_{j=i+1}^4 \frac{1}{n_i n_j} \prod_{i=1}^4 n_i \right] \times I_2$$

for a quaternary system.

25. (original) The experimental space of claim 23, comprising a number of mixture combinations defined by an algorithm, which expresses the sum of terms:

$$V + \prod_{i=1}^5 n_i \times I_5 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{1}{n_i} \prod_{i=1}^5 n_i \right] \times I_4 + \\ \left[\sum_{i=1}^5 \sum_{j=i+1}^5 \frac{1}{n_i n_j} \prod_{i=1}^5 n_i \right] \times I_3 + \left[\sum_{i=1}^5 \sum_{j=i+1}^5 \sum_{k=j+1}^5 \frac{1}{n_i n_j n_k} \prod_{i=1}^5 n_i \right] \times I_2$$

for a pentanary system.